**APUSH Unit 2: Colonial America (Chapters 2-4)**

**Beginnings of English America, 1607-1660 (Chapter 2)**

*I can identify the factors that led England to begin colonization.* (pages 50-54)

Roanoke colony

Defeat of the Spanish Armada (effects)

Enclosure movement (and surplus population)

*I can describe the development of the English societies* (pgs 54-55)

Indentured Servants

Goals of English settlers

*I can describe the cultural and social changes that Native American communities underwent in response to English colonization*. (pages 55-57)

Cultural Changes

Demographic Changes

Economic Changes

*I can describe the development of the Chesapeake colonies*. (pgs 57-64)

Chesapeake Bay (location and physical characteristics)

John Smith

Virginia Company of London

Goals of Jamestown colony

Headright system

Virginia House of Burgesses

Powhatan

Pocahontas

Uprising of 1622

Dower rights

Goals of Maryland colony

*I can describe the Puritans and their beliefs and explain why they left England for the New World.*

(pages 64-68)

Puritanism

Separatists

John Winthrop

Pilgrims

Mayflower Compact

Great Puritan Migration

Puritan family structure

*I can explain the basic governmental and religious practices of the Massachusetts Bay Colony.*

(page 68-70)

Franchise (voting rights) in Massachusetts Bay Colony

provincial vs. town governments

Election of governor and assistants

by freemen (Puritan “visible saints”)

*I can explain how conflict with religious dissenters, among other forces, led to the expansion of New England*. (pages 70-73)

Roger Williams

Rhode Island

Establishment of Baptist church

Reverend Thomas Hooker

Connecticut

Fundamental Orders of Connecticut

Dissenters

Puritan treatment of Quakers

Anne Hutchison

Banishment

*I can describe the changing relations between the English colonists and Native Americans.* (pages 73-76)

Pequot War

King Philip’s War (p. 87)

*I can describe the economic structure of the New England colonies.* (p 76-78)

Body of Liberties

*I can explain the concept of English liberty and how it relates to American colonists.* (pages 78-83)

Concept of English liberty

Puritan treatment of Quakers

Maryland Toleration Act

**Creating Anglo America (Chapter 3)**

*I can describe the expansion of the English empire in North America in the 17th and 18th centuries.*

(pg. 88)

Mercantilism

Navigation Acts

*I can explain why New York, Pennsylvania, and the other middle colonies became so ethnically, religiously, and politically diverse.* (pgs. 88-92)

Charter of Liberties and Privileges

Yamasee uprising

Pennsylvania

Quakers

William Penn

*I can describe the origins of American slavery.* (pgs. 94-98)

Growth of African slavery in the West Indies

Impact of sugar trade & tobacco trade on slavery

*I can explain how the problems of indentured servitude led to political trouble and the growth of African slavery.* (p. 699-101)

Bacon’s Rebellion

Transition from a “society with slaves” to a “slave society”

*I can explain the major social and political crises that rocked the colonies in the late 17th century.*

(pgs. 101-106)

How did the Glorious Revolution in England affect American colonists

English Bill of Rights

Lords of Trade

Dominion of New England

Edmund Andros

Maryland Uprising

Leisler’s Rebellion

English Toleration Act (1690)

Salem Witch Trials

*I can describe the directions of social and economic change in the 18th century colonies.* (pgs. 106-117)

Settlement patterns (where did people live?)

Walking Purchase (1737)

Backcountry

Consumerism

Atlantic trade

*I can describe the differences in social classes in Colonial America.* (pgs. 117-123)

New England & Middle colonies

Chesapeake and Southern colonies

Staple crops

Anglicization

Poverty in American colonies

*I can describe characteristics of America in the mid-18th century.*

**Slavery, Freedom, and the Struggle for Empire (Ch. 4)**

*I can describe how African slavery differed regionally in 18th century North America* (pgs. 127-136)

Atlantic slave trade

Middle Passage

Chesapeake slavery

Indian slavery

Slavery in the North

*I can describe factors that led to distinct African American cultures in the 18th century.* (pgs. 136-139)

Melding of Christianity with traditional African beliefs

Gullah

Resistance to Slavery

Stono Rebellion

*I can describe the meanings of British liberty in the 18th century.* (pgs. 140-149)

Republicanism

Liberalism

John Locke

Enfranchisement

Salutary neglect

18th century colonial assemblies

public sphere

Freedom of the Press in colonial America

Zenger Trial

Enlightenment

*I can describe the Great Awakening and its impact on American colonists.* (p. 149-151)

Jonathan Edwards

“Sinners in the Hands of an Angry God”

George Whitefield

*I can explain how the Spanish and French empires in America developed in the 18th century.* (p. 151-156)

Geographic area of Spanish empire

Father Junipero Serra

Geographic area of French empire

*I can explain why France and Britain engaged in their conquest for North America and why Britain won.* (p. 156-159)

Ohio River Valley

Middle ground

George Washington (in French & Indian War)

Peace of Paris (1763)

*I can describe the impact of the Seven Years’ War on Indian-white relations.* (p. 159-163)

Pontiac’s Rebellion

Proclamation of 1763

Paxton Boys (Pennsylvania, 1763)

*I can describe the impact of the Seven Years’ War on colonial independence.* (p. 164)

Albany Plan of Union